Biplab Deka deka2@illinois.edu

Haizi Yu haiziyu7@illinois.edu

Can we use the network structure of online design communities to measure the relative importance of designs and users?





MOTIVATION

On the Web ... Not all links are equal

In design networks ... Not all likes are equal

The importance of a design is influenced by the importance of its creators and promoters, and vice versa



Highest Ranked

hci.cs.illinois.edu

Jerry O. Talton jerry@apropose.com

Ranjitha Kumar ranjitha@illinois.edu



induced design graph

Matrix Representation

- : liking matrix
- C : creation matrix
- r_u : user ranking vector
- : design ranking vector r_d

 $U = DiagZero(\alpha_1 C diag(r_d)C^{\top} + \alpha_2 C diag(r_d)C^{\top} + \alpha_3 C diag(r_d)C^{\top} + \alpha_4 C diag(r_d)C^{\top})$ $r_d = PageRank(D)$ $D = DiagZero(\beta_1 C^{\top} diag(r_u)C + \beta_2 C^{\top} diag(r_u)L + \beta_3 L^{\top} diag(r_u)C + \beta_4 L^{\top} diag(r_u)L)$

Lowest Ranked

FUTURE WORK

Extend model to account for additional social networks features

Learn model parameters from data

Prove convergence

Identify correlations between rank and design properties

Develop mechanisms to identify and reward different types of users





